

Neutrino flavor conversions in astrophysical environments

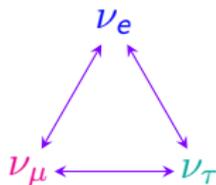
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"Helicity coherence in binary neutron star mergers and non-linear feedback"

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- **Late 1960s** Homestake experiment discovers the solar neutrino deficit.
- **1998** Super-Kamiokande finds the first strong evidences of neutrino oscillations.
- **2001** Sudbury Neutrino Observatory resolves the solar neutrino problem by proving that solar neutrinos have converted into other active flavors.

How can we explain these conversions ?
What are their effects in astrophysical environments ?

- 1 General Framework
- 2 Neutrino conversions in neutron star binaries
- 3 Helicity coherence : mass effects in BNS merger
- 4 Conclusion

Neutrino oscillations and density matrix

- We work in a $n_f = 2$ scheme : ν_e, ν_x .
- Neutrinos have masses and **mixing** :

ν_k , propagating (**mass** basis) $\neq \nu_\alpha$, interacting (**flavor** basis)
 $|\nu_\alpha\rangle = U |\nu_k\rangle$, U rotation matrix

- Describing their flavor evolution in the mean-field approximation : **density matrix** ρ ($\bar{\rho}$) such that :

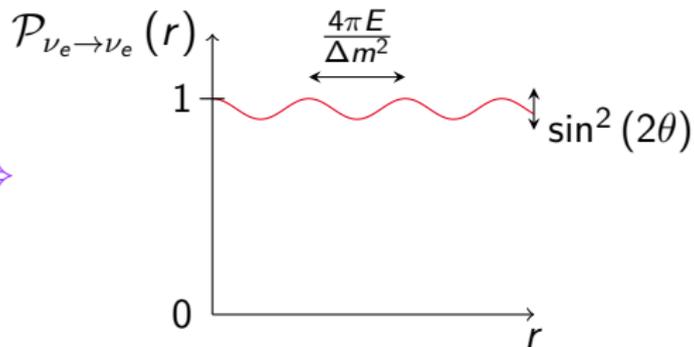
$$i\dot{\rho} = [h, \rho]$$

- Propagation of an initial ν_e (using $r = t$ in natural units)

$$\rho(r) = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{P}_{\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e}(r) & \times \\ \times & \mathcal{P}_{\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_x}(r) \end{pmatrix}.$$

Neutrino oscillations in vacuum

$$h_0 = U \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\Delta m^2}{2q} \end{pmatrix} U^\dagger$$

 \Rightarrow


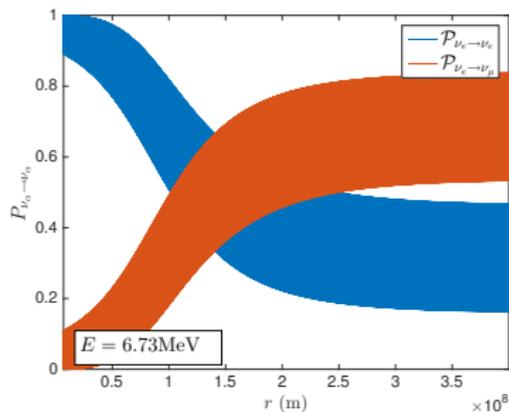
- Matter creates a new component to the Hamiltonian

$$h_{\text{mat}}(r) = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2}G_F n_e(r) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

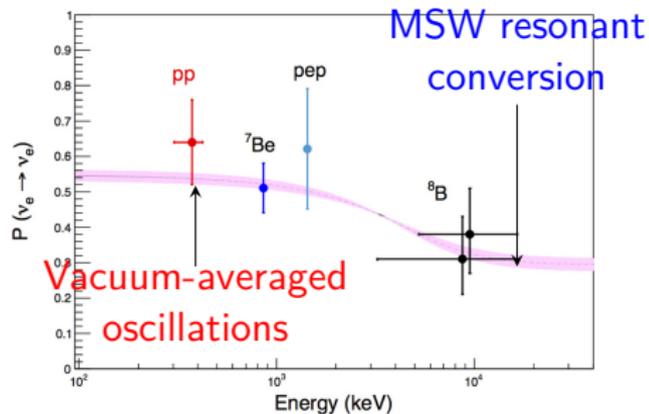
- $n_e(r)$ varies : $h^{ee} - h^{xx}$ may become null.
→ **MSW resonance** [Wolfenstein 1978, Mikheev & Smirnov 1985].

$$\sqrt{2}G_F n_e(r) = \frac{\Delta m^2}{2q} \cos 2\theta$$

- Flavor conversion if resonance and **adiabaticity**.



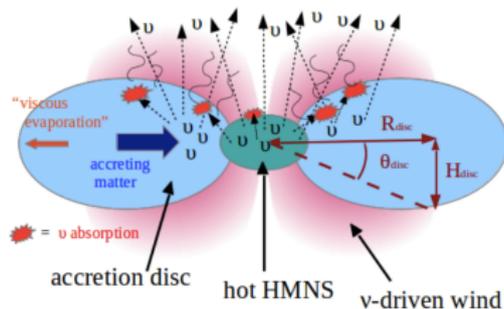
My numerical results.



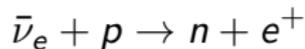
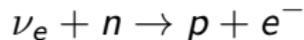
Borexino measurements.

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Understanding neutrino oscillations in NS-NS binaries.

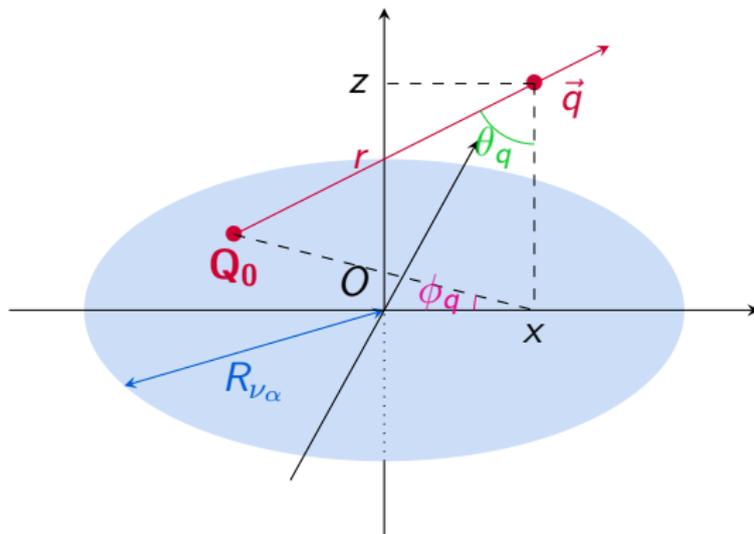


- NS-NS binaries : candidate site for r-process nucleosynthesis.
- Neutrino has a key role in neutrino-driven winds.



→ Sets the fraction $Y_e = \frac{p}{n+p}$, crucial for r-process nucleosynthesis.

- Very high neutrino luminosities \rightarrow self-interaction.
- Need to model neutrino emission : **single-angle approximation**.



$$h_{\text{self}}(r) = \sqrt{2}G_F \sum_{\alpha} \int d\mathbf{q} \left[j_{\nu_{\alpha}}(\mathbf{q}) G_{\nu_{\alpha}}(r) \rho_{\nu_{\alpha}}(r, \mathbf{q}) - j_{\bar{\nu}_{\alpha}}(\mathbf{q}) G_{\bar{\nu}_{\alpha}}(r) \rho_{\bar{\nu}_{\alpha}}(r, \mathbf{q}) \right]$$

Understanding the MNR

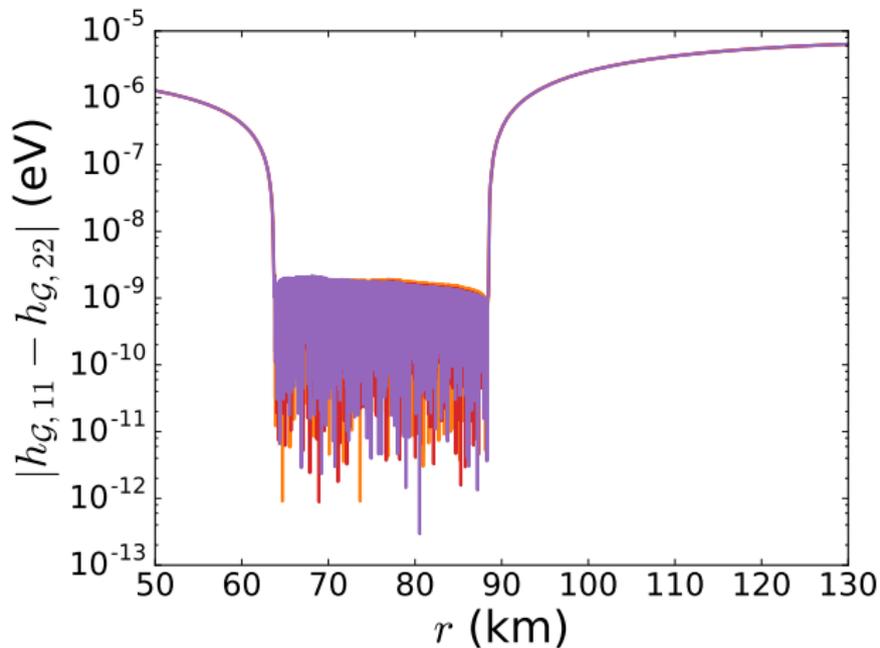
- Initially $L_{\bar{\nu}_e} > L_{\nu_e} \rightarrow h_{\text{self}}^{ee} < 0$: new MSW-like resonant conversion

$$h^{ee} - h^{xx} = -\frac{\Delta m^2}{2q} \cos 2\theta + \sqrt{2} G_F n_B Y_e + h_{\text{self}}^{ee} - h_{\text{self}}^{xx}$$

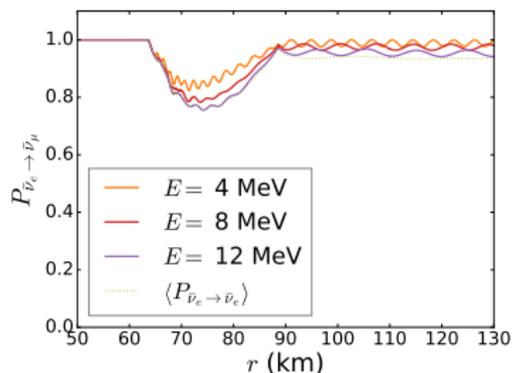
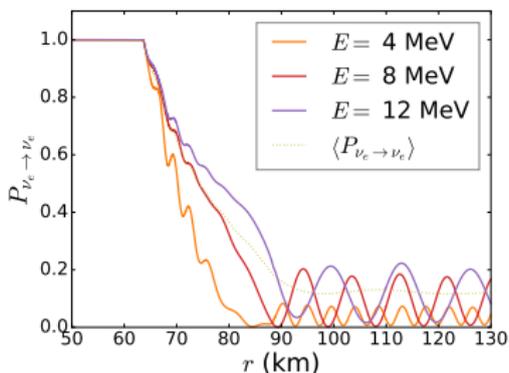
Matter-Neutrino Resonance, closer to the disk.

- Resonance maintained by a non-linear feedback involving cancellation of matter and neutrino diagonal terms of the Hamiltonian.

Cancellation maintained over 30 km



- Modifies ν_e and $\bar{\nu}_e$ fluxes (from my two-flavor simulations).



- Releasing some hypotheses could modify these properties and the $\frac{n}{p}$.

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- Corrections coming from the mass (apart from the vacuum Hamiltonian $\propto \Delta m^2$) in the usual mean-field equations : see

[Volpe, Vaananen, Espinoza, 2013]

[Vlasenko, Cirigliano, Fuller, 2013]

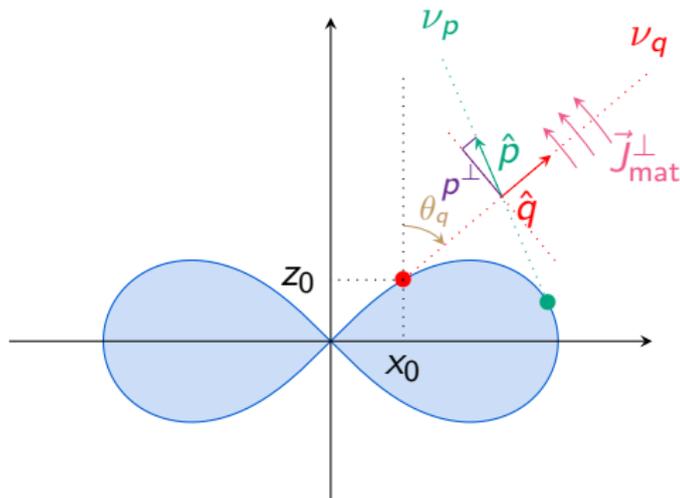
[Serreau, Volpe, 2014]

- First study of this term in a toy model with only one neutrino flavor : [Vlasenko, Fuller, Cirigliano, 2014]. Conversions $\nu \leftrightarrow \bar{\nu}$ appearing because of a non-linear feedback.

→ Are there any effects in a more realistic scenario ?

Our model for studying helicity coherence effects

- Two neutrino flavors.
- Binary Neutron Star mergers environment.



Helicity coherence

- Consider Majorana neutrinos.
- Corrections to the relativistic limit : the matrices become $2n_f \times 2n_f$.

$$\rho \longrightarrow \rho_{\mathcal{G}} = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} \rho & \zeta \\ \hline \zeta^\dagger & \bar{\rho}^T \end{array} \right)$$

- ρ ($\bar{\rho}$) : density matrices for ν ($\bar{\nu}$);
- ζ : coupling ν - $\bar{\nu}$ sectors.

$$h \longrightarrow h_{\mathcal{G}} = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} h & \Phi \\ \hline \Phi^\dagger & -\bar{h}^T \end{array} \right)$$

- h (\bar{h}) : Hamiltonian for ν ($\bar{\nu}$) - include new terms $\propto \frac{m}{E}$;
- Φ : coupling ν - $\bar{\nu}$ sectors, $\propto \frac{m}{q}$, involving currents $\perp \vec{q}$.

- $i\dot{\rho}_{\mathcal{G}} = [h_{\mathcal{G}}, \rho_{\mathcal{G}}]$ holds for the generalized matrices.

The results : new resonance conditions

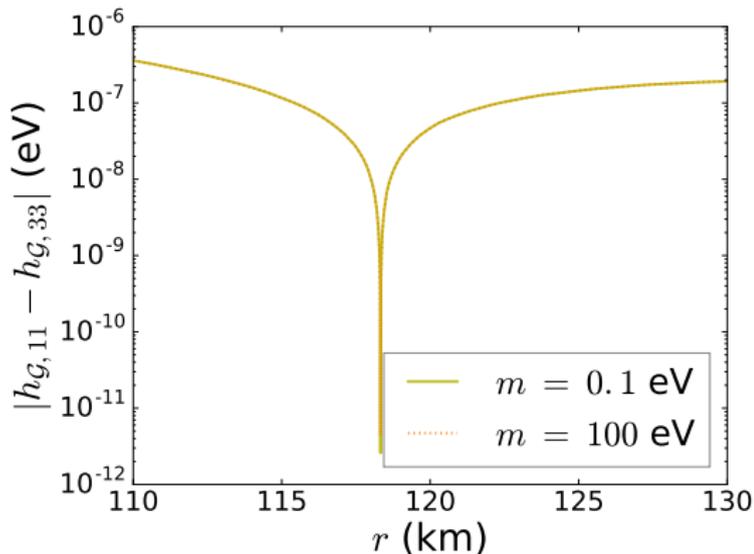
- Look for MSW-like conditions $h_{\mathcal{G},ii} - h_{\mathcal{G},jj} \simeq 0$.
- ν ($\bar{\nu}$) sector : MNR possible.
- Four new resonance conditions between ν , $\bar{\nu}$. One interesting in our environment

$$h_{\mathcal{G},11} - h_{\mathcal{G},33} = \sqrt{2}G_F n_B (3Y_e - 1) + 2h_{\nu\nu}^{ee} \simeq 0$$

- Fulfillment similar to the MNR, creates transitions $\nu_e \leftrightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$, driven by

$$\phi^{ee} \propto \frac{m}{q} \approx 10^{-7} - 10^{-8}.$$

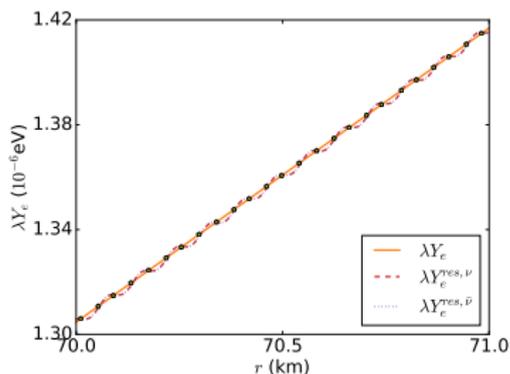
- Helicity coherence resonance present.



- ... however, **no non-linear feedback** and resonance too narrow : the probabilities are unchanged.

Analysis on multiple resonances and non-linear feedback

- Non-linear feedback \leftrightarrow **matching** between matter and self-interaction.
- Linear analysis of the resonance conditions :
 - One flavor toy model : the matter profile is taken to be artificially smooth to enable the matching.
 - MNR : yo-yo effect between geometrical factors and conversions \rightarrow multiple resonances.



- Helicity-coherence : no such effect.
- Matching here : possible for **very peculiar conditions**.

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- In **NS-NS binaries**, neutrino conversions (MNR) could be essential in neutrino-driven wind nucleosynthesis.
- **Helicity coherence** : very similar to the MNR. No effective conversions in binaries neutron star merger since conditions for multiple resonances are difficult to meet.
- Open issues remain : eg, the role of inhomogeneities, effects appearing with multi-angle simulations.

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Thank you !